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BAKER WILL BE RECALLED BY SENATE'S COMMITTEE

Secretary of War Is Asked to Answer More Questions. Both Sides of Controversy Prepare to Speak.

(By Review Leased Wire)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The senate military committee today arranged to recall Secretary Baker next Tuesday for cross examination regarding his statement before the committee last Monday on achievements of the war department.

Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, Democratic member of the military committee, plans to address the senate Monday in support of bills to establish a war cabinet and to create a munitions director. He is expected to reply to Mr. Baker.

Ready to Answer.
Another speech in support of war legislation which President Wilson is opposing, is planned by Senator Wadsworth of New York, a Republican member of the military committee. Administration spokesmen in the senate are ready to reply and are confident of preventing consideration of the measures by holding them in the committee. With a vacancy on the committee, due to the death of Senator Brady, of Idaho, the members were said to be evenly divided on the bill.

With the dispute over the war bill reaching the senate floor, the military committee plans to close its inquiry as quickly as possible. After Secretary Baker is examined it will have to consider only cantonnements and a few minor details of the work of the war department.

Co-Ordination Urged.
Howard Coffin, chairman of the aircraft board, testifying before the committee today in executive session, urged a centralized war control.

Mr. Coffin told the committee that the productive capacity of the country could not be developed fully unless government purchases were put into the hands of a central agency with full powers. A definite program of placing war orders, he said, has not been formed.

A national policy respecting purchasing, Mr. Coffin said, must be instituted immediately or general confusion will result. An agency built along the lines of a ministry of munitions, could convert existing plants into war manufacturing plants without upsetting industry. Mr. Coffin said, while continued placing of indiscriminate orders by various departments threatened to bring a state of chaos.

General Staff To Be Speeded By Appointment

(By Review Leased Wire)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Speeding up of general staff activities is expected to follow the appointment of Maj. Gen. Peyton C. March as acting chief of staff of the army, announcement of which depends only on advice from General Pershing that the officer can be spared from his duties as chief of artillery of the expeditionary forces.

Secretary Baker would not discuss his plans today, but it is known that he has determined upon General March as the most suitable officer to take over the work of this important post. General Bliss, the staff chief, will remain in France as the permanent representative of the United States on the supreme war council, which determines policies to be carried out on the various fronts.

Both officers and civilians who have returned from France recently have brought back word of the impression General March had created by the energy and skill displayed in organization of his branch of the service under General Pershing. Private messages from France have indicated that the American commander approves the selection and will not block General March's appointment, but so far as is known no official reply has come from General Pershing.

Much Experience
Coming from many months of close contact with the fighting fronts in France, General March will be able to put into his task as head of the army all the knowledge he has acquired. He is reputed by his fellow officers to be a man of quick decisions, a quality regarded as vital in a successful chief of staff. Upon that official rests the burden of seeing to it that the various bureaus of the department, as well as the line of the army, work out their problems in harmony.

Metal Taxes

(By Review Leased Wire)
MEXICO CITY, Feb. 2.—The following taxes have been specified for metals and concentrates per kilogram:
Gold bars and concentrates 93 pesos, 32 centavos; silver bars 2 pesos, 85 centavos; concentrates 3 pesos, 10 centavos; copper bars 5 2-10 centavos; concentrates 6 3-10 centavos; lead bars 3-5 of a centavos; concentrates 4-5 of a centavos; zinc bars 1-4 of a centavos; concentrates 13 1-3 centavos and quick silver 20 2-3 centavos.

RAIL BILL TO BE REPORTED IN HOUSE AND SENATE SOON

With Amendments Limiting Government Regulation Measure Will Come Before House and Senate.

(By Review Leased Wire)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The administration railroad bill limiting the period of government control of the railroads and providing for compensation to the stockholders will be reported to both houses of congress next week. At the urgent request of Director General McAdoo administration leaders will make every effort to expedite passage.

The senate interstate commerce committee voted today to report the measure favorably with amendments limiting government control to eighteen months after the close of the war and giving the president power to initiate rates subject to appeal to the interstate commerce commission. The committee's action was not unanimous. Senators Cummins and La Follette, Republicans, announcing they would submit minority reports.

The house committee by a vote of fifteen to six approved an amendment providing for termination of government control two years after peace is declared. Chairman Sims later announced that his committee would complete consideration of the measure Tuesday or Wednesday and that he would ask unanimous assent for immediate passage.

Opposes Limitation.
Chairman Sims vigorously opposed the two years limitation as adopted, declaring that it would affect the valuation of railway securities. Representative Montague insisted that at least two years would be required for the railroad interests to adjust themselves after the war. Those voting for the two year amendment were Montague, Rayburn, County, Dewalt, Snook, Sanders, Esch, Hamilton, Parker of New Jersey, Parker of New York, Winslow, Dillon, Sweet, Stines and Cooper, and those voting against it were Sims, Doremus, Stephens, Barkley, and Dale.

The senate committee left unchanged the original provision in the bill fixing the rate of compensation on the basis of the annual railway operating income for the three years ending on June 30, 1917, and the house committee also is expected to agree to this provision, which was suggested by the president.

Amendments for increased compensation to roads based on their earnings or surplus accrued during the period of government control and put into the property were accepted. The section authorizing the president to purchase and construct canals was amended so as to permit only of their utilization.

Appropriation Retained.
The section providing for an appropriation of \$500,000,000 to be used as a revolving fund from which to pay any deficiency that may result or to provide for additional facilities, was retained by the senate committee. The fund would provide the government with working capital operating the roads.

In providing for the termination of government control eighteen months after the war, the senate committee further amended the bill so as to authorize the president, if in his opinion necessary for further control should terminate, to relinquish supervision over all roads before that time. Discretionary power to determine up to July 1, 1918, what roads are necessary in the government operation plan also is placed in the president, but after that time he could not exclude from government control any road without his consent.

The amendment authorizing the president to initiate rates permits an appeal either by the carrier or shipper to the interstate commerce commission which is to investigate and determine their fairness.

RULERS AND PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS OF FIRST EMPIRE OF CENTRAL POWERS TO BEGIN TOTTERING



Above—Parliament buildings on famous Ring Strasse in Vienna. Below, left to right—Emperor Karl, Crown Prince Franz Josef Otto and Empress Adelaide.

As fast as one dispatch telling of unrest and incipient revolution in Austria-Hungary gets official denial from Vienna, or more often Berlin, another report finds its way out through Russia or Switzerland. It is believed in many quarters that the recurring reports indicate the dual monarchy is tottering and aching for peace. Washington, however, warns that the stories may be German camouflage.

ROADS ORDERED TO SPEED UP THE COAL DELIVERY

Administration Orders Railways to Take Advantage of Sunday Industrial Shutdown to Dispatch Fuel.

(By Review Leased Wire)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Railways today received instructions from the railroad administration to take every advantage of the usual Sunday industrial shutdown and the forced suspension Monday under the fuel economy order, to move coal to the big consumers centers in order to accumulate small reserves against possible emergencies. If the railroad situation then improves the Monday closing order probably will be revoked.

Railroad administration officials had under consideration the imposition of other embargoes than those now in effect officially on three eastern trunk lines, as substitute measures for the fuel economy order. Some further restrictions on acceptance of general freight may be made, it was intimated, although the principal determining factor will be the weather in the next few days.

Weather Still Bad
Little hope was gathered from today's weather. In northern New York state, it was so cold that engines stopping to take water froze to the tracks and it took five other locomotives to pull them loose. In West Virginia the overflowing of streams hampered the hauling of empty cars to coal mines and the withdrawal of loads.

The delivery of coal was reported at about the same low average of the last week. More foodstuffs went forward and the movement of empty cars to the west and south for shipment of corn meal products an action was reported considerably better.

Four special trains of fifty cars each filled with animal and poultry feed were on their way to New England today from the midwest to relieve what had been reported as a critical shortage of these commodities.

AIR RAID CASUALTIES.

(By Review Leased Wire)
LONDON, Feb. 2.—The total casualties in Monday night's air raid on England, according to an official announcement tonight, were:
Killed fifty-eight; injured 173.
In Tuesday's raid the total killed numbered ten and the injured numbered ten.

Bond Sale

(By Review Leased Wire)
On Monday the board of supervisors of Cochise county will receive bids from a great number of firms in the United States, many of whose representatives are already in the district, for the \$1,000,000 road bond issue. It is expected that the bonds will net a premium to the county, and consequently the highways to be built from their proceeds of the issue.

Carson Tells Unionists of Party Status

(By Review Leased Wire)
In a speech before the Unionist council today, Sir Edward H. Carson said that circumstances had arisen at the Irish convention indicating the possibility of trouble over the steps the government should take if the convention should break down. If he remained in the government, he declared, he would have to be a party to its deliberations and support any policy it adopted. On the other hand, he was not free because of his pledges as a covenant.

It was plain that the convention having been set up and Ulster having entered it, the Ulsterists must remain to the end and consider every proposal with a view to seeing whether there could be a solution satisfactory to the people of Ulster.

This, he described as "one that would enable the people to feel that they still maintain their status as citizens of the British empire and are protected in their business and daily lives against the possibility of harmful interference."

He protested against any attempt to create an atmosphere that Ulster is unreasonable, declaring:
"Ulster alone in Ireland has shown any reason at all. Some of our old friends and supporters, who are calling out for a settlement, really mean surrender. If by settlement people have in their minds surrender, there will be no settlement."

"A greater insult could not be offered to a nation than is put forward and suggested that unless the Irish question is settled America will no longer go on with the war, or will prosecute the war with less vigor. Anything more ridiculous or insulting, it is impossible to conceive."

Sir Edward declared that he had not left the government for the purpose of breaking up the convention. He did not wish to break up the convention, anyone that he wished to break up his government and he was sorry that attention had been for one moment diverted from winning the war, which was their paramount duty.

RUSS COLONIAL CONGRESS WILL BE ESTABLISHED

Bolsheviki, In America, Now Meeting In New York Plan Permanent Organization to Be Centered in the East.

RUSS COLONIAL PAGE 1
(By Review Leased Wire)
NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—A plan to make the Russian colonial congress, now in session in this city, a permanent union of all Russians living in the United States to be known as the Russian Colony in America will be submitted to the delegates tomorrow by the committee on resolutions. It was announced tonight by Gregory Weinstein, leader of the organization, who is said to be a trusted friend of Leon Trotsky, Bolshevik foreign minister.

Several delegates declared tonight that it is virtually certain the plan will be adopted. It was admitted that the general movement to consolidate the Russians in this country is in the interest of the Bolshevik government at Petrograd, and is probably carried on with full knowledge and sanction of Foreign Minister Trotsky, who is being fully informed of what is taking place here.

Unofficially, it was stated tonight that the program to be put before the congress tomorrow includes measures for the extension of educational opportunities of Russian children in the United States; the increase of immigration from Russia after the war and plans for the civil and social betterment of Russians who came to the United States to make their homes.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Gregory Weinstein, president of the convention here of Russian societies, was authorized by the convention late today to send to President Wilson a telegram protesting against the "unjust sentence" passed upon Emma Goldman, Alexander Berkman and two other Russian citizens, and stating that the convention "demands their immediate release and permission to return to Russia."

The telegram as approved read:
"The first convention of Russian citizens in the United States, assembled at Bethoven hall, New York, protests against the unjust sentence passed on the Russian citizens, Emma Goldman, Alexander Berkman, Becker and Cramer, and demands their immediate release and permission to return to Russia."

Germany Keeps Iron Hand On Strike News Of Last Few Weeks

STRIKE HEADS ARRESTED FOR LEADING PART IN AGITATION

Wilhelm Dittmann and Other German Socialists Put Behind Bars by Military In Effort to Curb Strike.

(By Review Leased Wire)
LONDON, Feb. 2.—An Exchange Telegram dispatch from The Hague says that a great number of Socialist leaders were arrested in Berlin at the same time that Wilhelm Dittmann, Socialist member of the reichstag was taken into custody for addressing a crowd in a suburb of the city.

IN MUNICH
(By Review Leased Wire)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 2.—A Munich dispatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung says several strike leaders have been arrested today, including the writer Karl Eisner, and Frau Sarah Lerch. The troops prevented a demonstration which was attempted before Wittelsbach palace, where the king resides. Tumultuous scenes occurred at Socialist meetings. The general situation is little changed.

STRIKE PAMPHLET
(By Review Leased Wire)
COPENHAGEN, Feb. 2.—A copy of a pamphlet issued by the Independent Socialists, which has reached Copenhagen, shows that the strike in Germany was prepared by them. The pamphlet points out that the pan-Germans have brought the peace negotiations and the future of Germany into great danger.

Admiral von Tirpitz, leader of the fatherland party, after an interview with the imperial chancellor, declared that he was satisfied with the government's plans concerning the east. Such a declaration, says the pamphlet, proves that the government is in collusion with the advocates of violence and just at this moment the reichstag the only place where the annexationist policy could be attacked, is closed and other means of criticism made impossible by the government.

PRESS IS GAGGED
(By Review Leased Wire)
"Our press is gagged, our comrades are imprisoned," continues the pamphlet. "Men and women of this working classes! There is no time to lose. After the horrors and horrors sufferings we have undergone a new and frightful disaster threatens our people—yes, even the whole of humanity."

"Only a peace without indemnities and annexations can save us, and the hour has come when you must raise your voice for such a peace. At this moment the German people must by means of powerful demonstrations manifest its will to finish the war. The pamphlet is signed by Edouard Bernstein, Hugo Haase, Wilhelm Dittmann, George Ledebour and other leaders.

CONFERENCE RESUMED

(By Review Leased Wire)
AMSTERDAM, Feb. 2.—Telegrams from Berlin reaching the Dutch press say that the discussions between the government and the Socialist deputies who are members of the strike committee, were resumed today. It is expected that the conference, in which Friedrich von Payer, the imperial vice-chancellor, is participating, will attain good results. The Independent Socialists are not taking part, having demanded that direct representatives of the strikers also shall be heard.

According to a dispatch from Essen, twelve percent of the workmen are on strike today. In Rhenish Westphalia the number of strikers in the coal district is constantly decreasing.

According to the Preussische Zeitung of Hamburg, a strike has commenced in all the large industrial works in Lebeck.

MOB AFTER NEGRO.

(By Review Leased Wire)
ATHENS, Tenn., Feb. 2.—A mob of white men formed early this morning with the expressed intention of lynching Arthur Renfro, a young negro, held in the Athens jail on a charge of having attacked a fourteen year old white girl near here last night.

Little But Censored Information Reaching Neutral European Countries. Indicates That Harm Is Over.

(By Review Leased Wire)
LONDON, Feb. 2.—The German government is keeping a tight hand on news of the strikes, which are attended by demonstrations in Berlin and other parts of Germany. But from details received today through Holland it is learned that the situation became serious Thursday, when a considerable display of force was necessary to handle the mobs which attacked street cars and carried out other excesses in Berlin.

For news of what transpired yesterday the public outside of Germany is largely dependent upon a semi-official report which says that "only isolated and entirely insignificant excesses occurred that day," and that the "prevailing opinion is that the strike has passed its zenith."

This seems to be supported by the fact that the newspapers which were unable to appear Thursday owing to the sympathy displayed by their composers and pressmen with the strikers all came out Friday, while the transport workers continue their labors.

Working at Kiel
It is also reported that work has been resumed at Kiel, Danzig and Hamburg, but it is admitted that additional miners have gone on strike at the Rhenish Westphalian coal fields.

Information from various sources shows, however, that the strike in general is not over, despite the strong stand taken by the military authorities who now are in control. The Frankfurter Zeitung says that the strike continues to extend to many other towns, while in Berlin it does not diminish, although martial law has been declared in some of the factories, and the workers have been ordered to return by Monday under threat of disciplinary military measures.

Government Uneasy
The uneasiness of the government over the situation is shown by its action in placing the burden of suppressing the strike on the shoulders of the military and the arrest of socialist leaders, including Deputy Wilhelm Dittmann, whose detention, according to one dispatch, has caused profound irritation in socialist circles. A national demonstration of protest is being organized.

The social paper Vorwarts advocates calling a meeting of the reichstag, and declares that the government must take notice of the discontent, which, it says, is a struggle between the pan-Germans and the advocates of peace by understanding, adding:

"The social democratic party must lead of all desire that the movement should lead to a process of disintegration and civil war."

The Deutsche Tageszeitung violently attacks Austria-Hungary and accuses that ally of having caused the present trouble by demanding four from Germany at such a critical time.

Opp's Meeting
According to a Berlin dispatch to the Dutch papers the bourgeois democratic party's demand for the convocation of the reichstag, because they believe that the parties of the extreme left intend to use such a meeting for purposes of their own propaganda.

MANY ATTEND FUNERAL.

(By Review Leased Wire)
PATERSON, N. J., Feb. 2.—Men prominent in legislative affairs of the nation and state attended the funeral here today of United States Senator A. C. McAdoo. A committee representing the senate and house of representatives came from Washington for the service.

Joseph P. Tumulty, President Wilson's personal representative, attended the funeral as his representative.

GIFT ANNOUNCED.

(By Review Leased Wire)
NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—A. Barton Hepburn, New York banker, has made a gift said to amount to \$125,000 to the Imperial University of Tokio for the foundation and endowment of a chair in the study of the constitution, history and diplomacy.

CONCRETE SVHIPS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Contracts for ten 3500 ton concrete ships were let today by the shipping board to the Ferro Concrete Shipbuilding corporation of Redondo Beach, Cal. The first vessel is to be delivered within six months and the other nine within a year.

MRS. HOOVER AT HEAD

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Mrs. Herbert Hoover has been named chairman of an emergency war committee that will direct many kinds of war work in the District of Columbia, including the raising of a fund for an ambulance to be presented to the government by the girl students of Washington.

Bisbee Chapter American Red Cross Needs a Permanent Fund for Upkeep And Progress of Its Work During Year--Arrange to Contribute Your Bit